

**Supplementary Table 1. Summary of outcomes**

Variable	Total (n = 4,682)	Framingham risk score				p-value
		Quartile 1 (n = 1,174)	Quartile 2 (n = 1,167)	Quartile 3 (n = 1,171)	Quartile 4 (n = 1,170)	
Proteinuria	502 (10.7)	102 (8.7)	132 (11.3)	119 (10.2)	149 (12.7)	0.01
Rejection	976 (20.8)	253 (21.6)	252 (21.6)	245 (20.9)	226 (19.3)	0.49
Graft loss	106 (2.3)	28 (2.4)	21 (1.8)	27 (2.3)	30 (2.6)	0.64
All-cause mortality	96 (2.1)	9 (0.8)	8 (0.7)	30 (2.6)	49 (4.2)	<0.001
Cardiovascular mortality	11 (0.2)	0 (0)	1 (0.1)	4 (0.3)	6 (0.5)	0.04
MACE	116 (2.5)	5 (0.4)	18 (1.5)	36 (3.1)	57 (4.9)	<0.001
Myocardial infarction	19 (0.4)	0 (0)	1 (0.1)	5 (0.4)	13 (1.1)	<0.001
Stroke	30 (0.6)	2 (0.2)	5 (0.4)	10 (0.9)	13 (1.1)	0.02
Unstable angina or PCI	48 (1.0)	3 (0.3)	7 (0.6)	16 (1.4)	22 (1.9)	<0.001
Hospitalization with heart failure	18 (0.4)	0 (0)	4 (0.3)	3 (0.3)	11 (0.9)	0.002

Data are expressed as number (%). Proteinuria was defined as a urinary protein-to-creatinine ratio equal to or above 0.5 g/g, a urinary microalbumin-to-creatinine ratio equal to or above 0.3 g/g, a 24-hour urine protein excretion amount equal to or above 500 mg/day, or a random urine dipstick 3+ or 4+. MACE, major cardiovascular event; PCI, percutaneous coronary artery intervention.