### Supplementary Figure 3. Age- and sex-adjusted incidence rates of the primary composite outcome across the PCEs and KDIGO risk categories in nondiabetic or normotensive adults.

The incidence rates and 95% CIs were calculated by multiplying age- and sex-adjusted hazard ratios and their 95% CIs by a constant to make the sum of the products of incidence rates and person-years in risk categories equal the total number of observed events. The participants of the general population represent the entire population in Korea.

CI, confidence interval; CKD, chronic kidney disease; KDIGO, Kidney Disease: Improving Global Outcomes; PCEs, Pooled-Cohort-Equations.